



– FLORIDA CHAPTER OF –
AHRMM



Why are we here?

February 9, 2018



Session Goal:

Call to Action

HealthCare have reached a critical point, demanding

- Understanding the Business of HealthCare.

that Leaders discard conventional processes, strategies and technologies and reimagine the fundamentals from the ground up

Differently

Reduced Variability & Understand Utilization: Achieving a better way

TRIPLE AIM



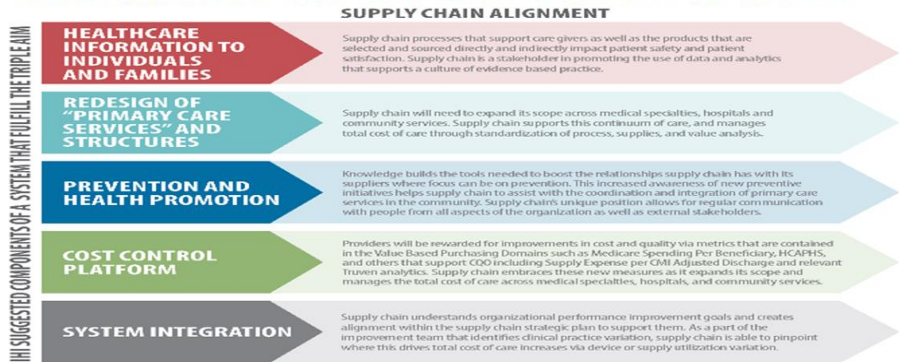
- Ability to define the value of a device, product or drug in terms of these goals.
- Defining value from a patients perspective?

CQO & THE TRIPLE AIM: SUPPLY CHAIN'S STRATEGIC CONNECTION

THE INSTITUTE FOR HEALTHCARE IMPROVEMENT (IHI)'S TRIPLE AIM CALLS FOR:

- 1 Improving the patient experience of care (including quality and satisfaction)
- 2 Improving the health of populations
- 3 Reducing the per capita cost of healthcare

CONNECTING THE TRIPLE AIM & SUPPLY CHAIN



CLEAR AND IMPORTANT CONNECTIONS CAN, AND SHOULD, BE MADE BETWEEN THE CQO MOVEMENT AND THE GOALS OF THE TRIPLE AIM.

IHI TRIPLE AIM:

The Institute for Healthcare Improvement (IHI) Triple Aim is a framework developed to describe an approach to optimizing health system performance.



CQO MOVEMENT:

The AHRMM Cost, Quality, and Outcomes (CQO) Movement refers to the intersection of Cost, Quality, and Outcomes, with a more holistic, rather than independent, view and correlation between:

- COST** – all costs associated with delivering patient care and supporting the care environment
- QUALITY** – patient-centered care aimed at achieving the best possible clinical outcomes
- OUTCOMES** – financial reimbursement driven by outstanding clinical care at the appropriate costs



CQO: The Future of Healthcare Supply Chain

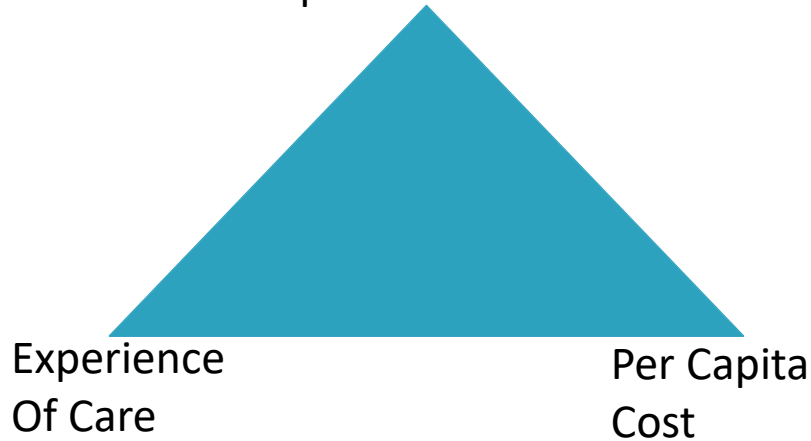
PLEASE VISIT WWW.AHRMM.ORG/CQO FOR MORE INFORMATION.



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Population Health



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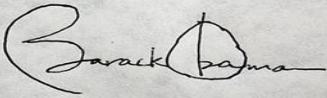
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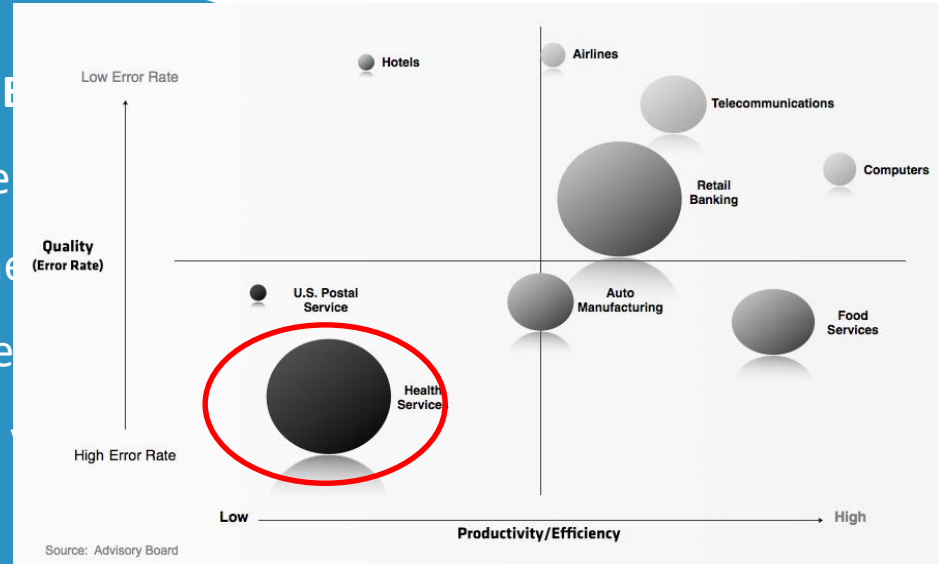
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Cross-Industry Comparison of Size, Quality & Productivity / Efficiency

The
some
achieve
without



Healthcare clearly lags behind other industries
(Note: even US Postal Service has higher quality rating)

What do these numbers have in common?

0

86

1095

- ▶ 0 Died today - Ebola
- ▶ 86 Died today - Guns
- ▶ 1095 Died today -
Accidentally in US Hospitals

The Way IT is Designed Remains Part of the Problem



WASHINGTON | July 18, 2014

Tejal Gandhi, MD, president of the National Patient Safety Foundation and associate professor of medicine, Harvard Medical School, spoke at the hearing.

- It's a chilling reality – one often overlooked in annual mortality statistics: Preventable medical errors persist as the No. 3 killer in the U.S. – third only to heart disease and cancer – claiming the lives of some 400,000 people each year. At a Senate hearing Thursday, patient safety officials put their best ideas forward on how to solve the crisis, with IT often at the center of discussions.
- Hearing members, who spoke before the Subcommittee on Primary Health and Aging, not only underscored the devastating loss of human life – more than 1,000 people each day – but also called attention to the fact that these medical errors cost the nation a colossal ----

\$1 trillion each year!



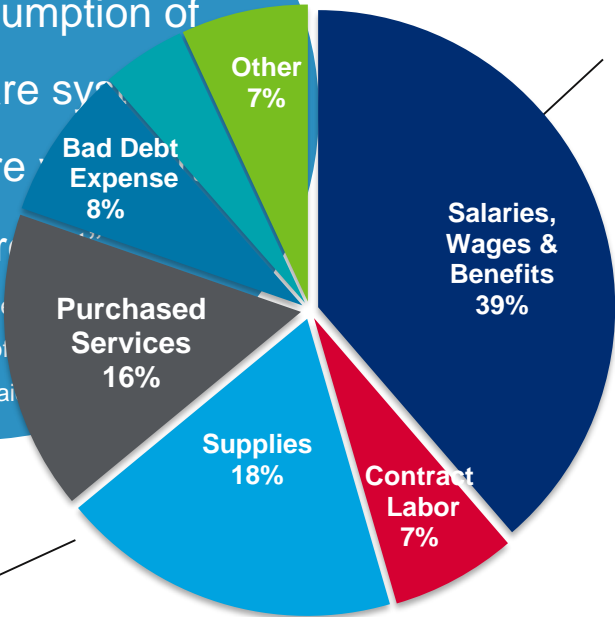
Key Information:

Under reform, fully phased-in hospital cuts (2019):

- **At BEST**, baseline payment MINUS 14% (across-the-board cuts only)
- **At WORST**, baseline payment MINUS 20% (across-the-board PLUS quality cuts)

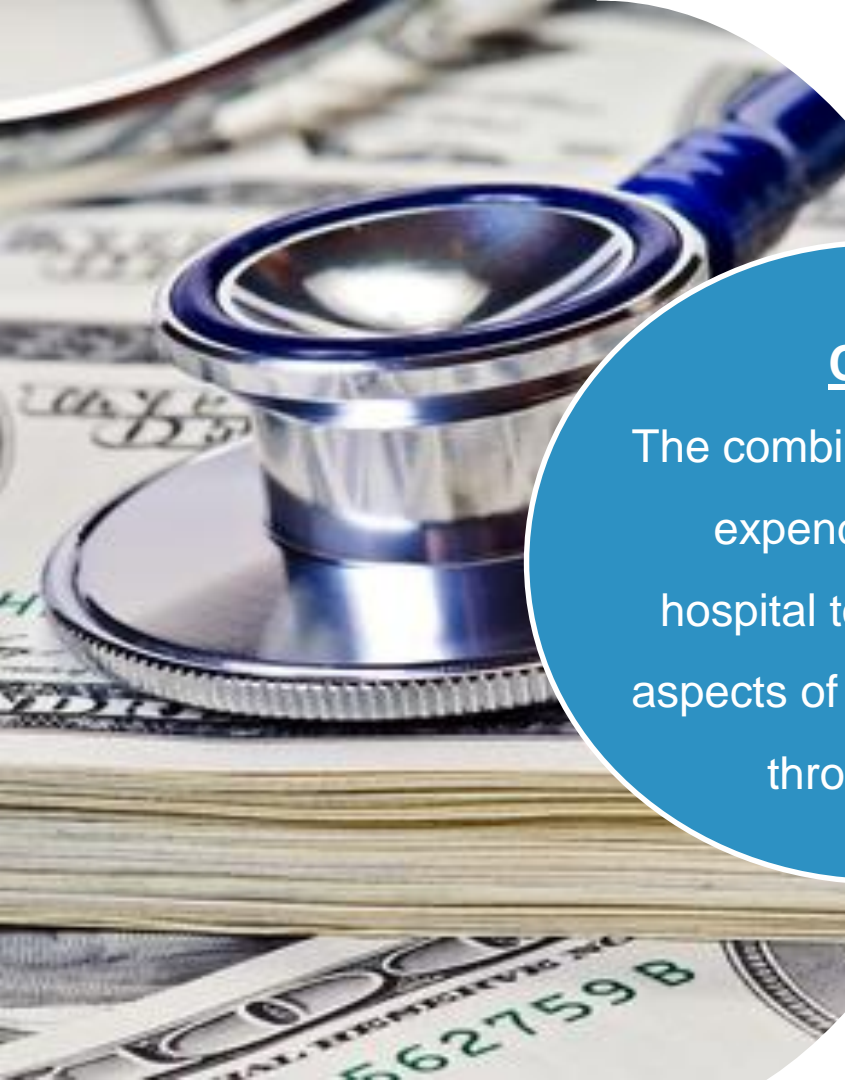
“Over the next three years, reduce the total resource consumption of your health care system no matter where you are by 10 percent.”
Dr. Donald Berenson
Former Administrator of Medicare & Medicaid

Typical Spend Breakdown



Cannot cut further without major negative impacts

Supplies = 2nd largest spend



The combination of rising costs and increased patient care expectations is forcing hospitals to manage all aspects of patient care throughout.

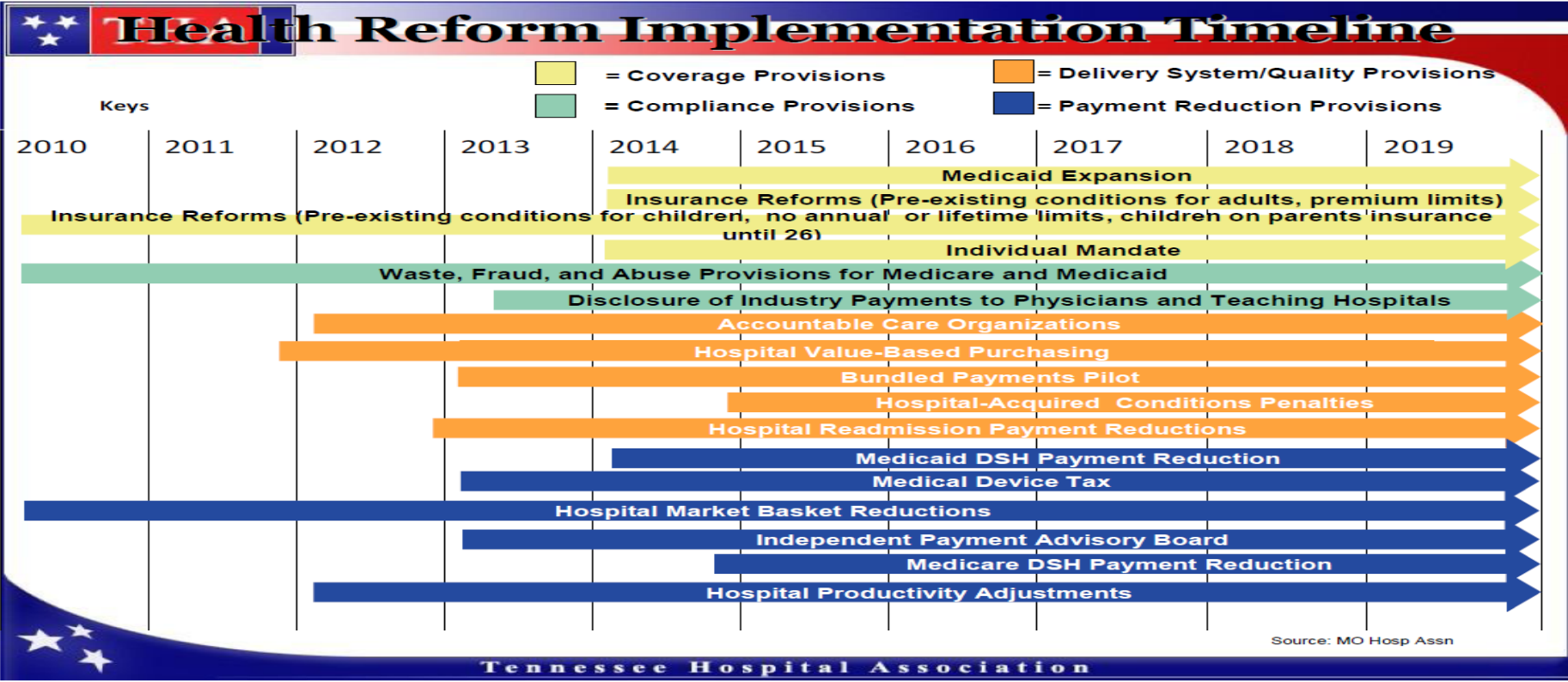
- 40% of hospital nurses report feeling burned out.*
- Burnout adversely affect patient outcomes and patient satisfaction.*
- Only 1 in 5 five hospitals currently have supportive environments for nurses.*
- It costs \$60,000 to \$80,000 to recruit and train a new nurse.*

*(Linda Aiken, PhD, RN Center for Health Outcomes and Policy Research, U of Penn.)

“There is almost a complete lack of understanding of how much it costs to deliver patient care, much less how those costs compare with the outcomes achieved.”

Robert Kaplan and Michael Porter

The Big Idea: How to Solve the Cost Crisis in HealthCare



Common Ground – Hospitals

- Hospitals are 95% the same. Focus is on:
 - ✓ Patient satisfaction and safety
 - ✓ Product utilization
 - ✓ Budget prioritization
 - ✓ Financial viability
 - ✓ Strategic positioning



How Can Suppliers Help?

Establish the Relationship!



– Combat “Broken Leg Syndrome”

- Address initial problem first
- Systemic or contributing problems second
- Focus on where provider is *today* versus where provider is going

– Suppliers can help by asking the right questions

- May not be “Here is what my product or service can do for you...”
- May be “Can I help you figure out what’s going on/what you are currently doing?”
 - Offer resources to support analysis
- What’s keeping you up at night?

Comprehensive Care for Joint Replacement Model (CJR)

Surgeon	MSDRG 470 Total Knee	Total Knee Volume	Total Spend	Not to Exceed Group Average	25 Percentile	Best in Class \$8,070	
SURGEON 1	\$8,070	1	\$8,070	\$8,070	\$8,070	\$8,070	
SURGEON 2	\$8,273	89	\$736,311	\$736,311	\$736,311	718,262	
SURGEON 3	\$8,879	1	\$8,879	\$8,879	\$8,879	8,070	
SURGEON 4	\$9,167	50	\$458,368	\$458,368	\$458,368	403,518	
SURGEON 5	\$9,244	4	\$36,976	\$36,976	\$36,976	32,281	
SURGEON 6	\$9,802	13	\$127,431	\$127,431	\$127,431	104,915	
SURGEON 7	\$9,936	63	\$625,989	\$625,989	\$625,989	508,433	
SURGEON 8	\$10,183	27	\$274,940	272,608	\$268,281	217,900	
SURGEON 9	\$10,227	105	\$1,073,809	1,060,142	\$1,043,314	847,388	
SURGEON 10	\$10,374	121	\$1,255,306	1,221,687	\$1,202,295	976,514	
SURGEON 11	\$10,379	18	\$186,827	181,739	\$178,854	145,266	
SURGEON 12	\$10,404	1	\$10,404	10,097	\$9,936	8,070	
SURGEON 13	\$10,455	9	\$94,099	90,869	\$89,427	72,633	
SURGEON 14	\$10,468	5	\$52,340	50,483	\$49,682	40,352	
SURGEON 15	\$10,676	57	\$608,549	575,505	\$566,371	460,011	
SURGEON 16	\$10,747	33	\$354,646	333,187	\$327,899	266,322	
SURGEON 17	\$11,019	93	\$1,024,785	938,983	\$924,078	750,543	
SURGEON 18	\$11,263	11	\$123,888	111,062	\$109,300	88,774	
SURGEON 19	\$11,706	10	\$117,056	100,966	\$99,363	80,704	
		711	\$7,178,674	\$6,949,352	\$6,870,824	\$5,738,026	
			\$10,097	\$9,774	\$9,664	\$8,070	
Potential Savings =====>					\$229,321	\$307,849	\$1,440,648



**CQO: The Future
of Healthcare
Supply Chain**



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AHRMM
Association for Healthcare
Resource & Materials Management
of the American Hospital Association

Advancing the Healthcare Supply Chain

Example -- Scorecard *Orthopedic*

MS-DRG	MSDRG Name	Total Volume		Supply Cost per patient		Total Cost per patient		Margin per patient		Clinically Adjusted LOS Per Case		Risk-Adjusted Mortality Index (RAMI)		Risk-Adjusted Complications Index (RACI)		Risk-Adjusted Readmission Index (RARI)	
		Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL
470	Major joint replacement or reattachment of lower extremity w/o MCC					\$3,860											
	81.51 TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT	13		\$6,349	\$5,907	\$8,663		\$4,405		3.2		0.00		0.00		5.92	
	81.52 PARTIAL HIP REPLACEMENT	2		\$4,399	\$3,055	\$6,299		\$5,722		3.3		0.00		0.00		31.94	
	81.54 TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT	27		\$5,131	\$6,626	\$7,763		\$6,823		3.0		0.00		0.00		0.00	

LEGEND

Physician Attending Physician of Record
 Total SC Actual MSCM
 Total Cost HPM
 Margin Total or Exp Payment (greater) - SC + Direct Variable

GOAL MET = Green
 GOAL UNMET = Red

SC Goa 1 Std Deviation from Lowest Cost

MS-DRG	MSDRG Name	Total Volume		Supply Cost per patient		Total Cost per patient		Margin per patient		Clinically Adjusted LOS Per Case		Risk-Adjusted Mortality Index (RAMI)		Risk-Adjusted Complications Index (RACI)		Risk-Adjusted Readmission Index (RARI)	
		Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL
470	Major joint replacement or reattachment of lower extremity w/o MCC					\$3,860											
	81.51 TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT	42		\$5,257		\$6,012				3.1		0.00		0.67		0.00	
	81.52 PARTIAL HIP REPLACEMENT	8		\$2,124		\$4,189				5.2		0.00		0.00		0.00	
	81.54 TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT	89		\$5,397		\$7,422				3.1		0.00		0.30		0.42	

LEGEND

Physician Attending Physician of Record
 Total SC Actual MSCM
 Total Cost HPM
 Margin Total or Exp Payment (greater) - SC + Direct Variable

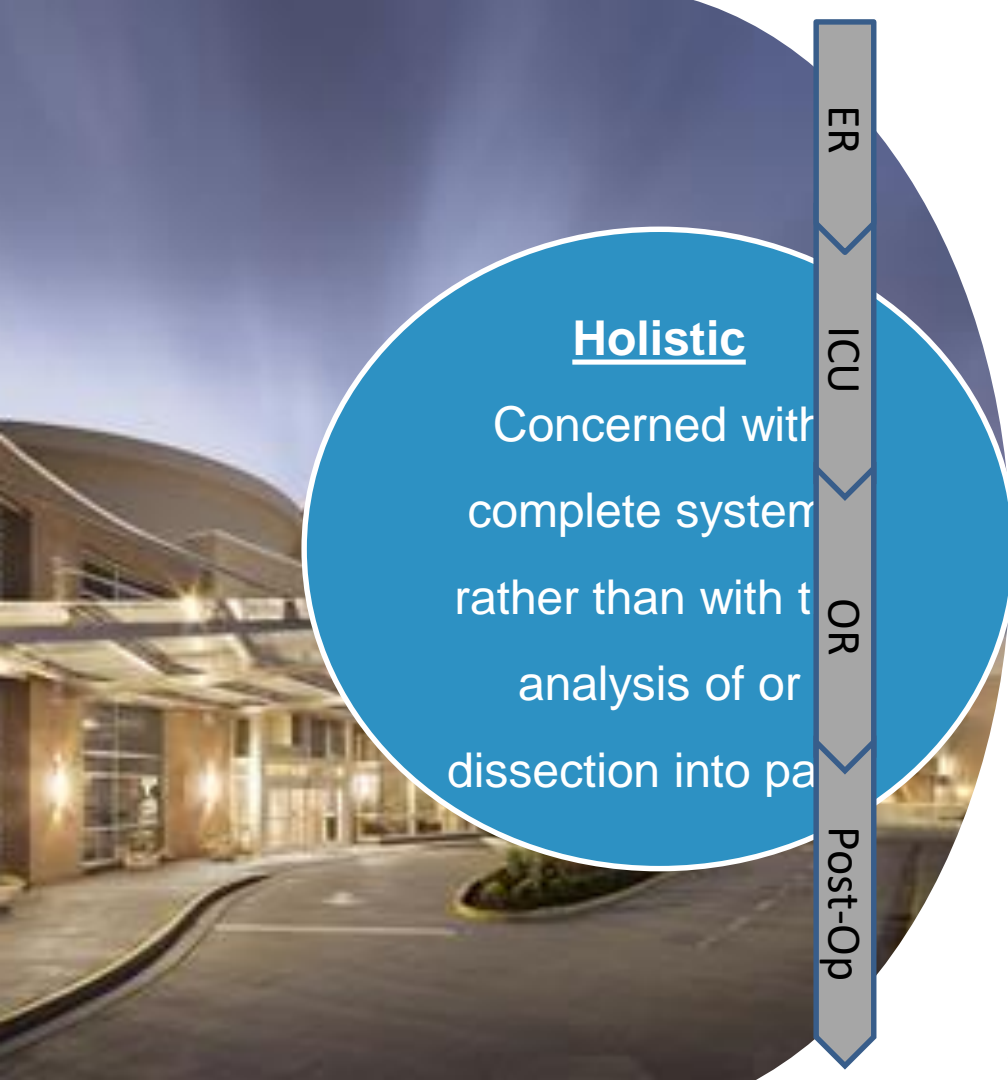
GOAL MET = Green
 GOAL UNMET = Red

SC Goa 1 Std Deviation from Lowest Cost

Example -- Scorecard *Slipper Socks*

Scorecard

	MSDRG Name	Total Volume		Supply Cost per patient		Total Cost per patient		Margin per patient		Medicare Exp Reimbursement	Falls							
		Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL		Measure Value	Fall per QTR	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL	Measure Value	GOAL
	Slipper socks	MFG		Price	Parity													
Floor	A400	A		\$1.73							3							
Floor	2West	B		\$1.85							5							
Floor	ICU	C		\$1.68							8							
Floor	Step Down	D		\$2.01							12							
LEGEND																		
Total SC	Actual MSCM	GOAL MET =									SC Goal	1 Std Deviation from Lowest Cost						
Total Cost	HPM	GOAL UNMET =																
Margin	Total or Exp Payment (greater) - SC + Direct Variable																	



Holistic

Concerned with
complete system
rather than with t
analysis of or
dissection into pa

ER

ICU

OR

Post-Op

Session Wrap up:

Sustain the Effort:

**Detailed-Oriented &
Big-Picture Thinker**

Thank you!